

New York, Sept. 12.—Lead, \$6.65 @ 6.75; copper, \$27.00 @ 28.25; silver, 67 7/8c per oz.

WEATHER—Utah: Tonight and Wednesday Fair With Rising Temperature.

600,000 Troops Fighting in Balkans

British and French Have Begun Offensive With A Tremendous Thrust

Reports from the Macedonian front today point more strongly than ever to the probability that the present thrust of the entente forces may be the long expected offensive movement from this base.

Of the armies of five nations now assembled on this front reported to number 600,000, the British and French are known to be exerting heavy pressure, the British along the Struma front northwest of Salonika, and the French northward along the Vardar on the Serbian border.

French troops also are co-operating with the British in the more easterly operation where, like their allies, they have crossed the Struma, capturing the village of Yenimah on the easterly bank within ten miles of Demir-Hissar. The British have seized additional trenches across the river to the south-east and, according to a news despatch from Athens, the Bulgarians are in retreat after a 36-hour battle in which they suffered heavy losses.

West of the Vardar, near Majladag, four miles south of Givregli, Paris reports a vigorous offensive by the French and their allies, resulting in the penetration of Bulgarian positions to a depth of nearly half a mile of a two-mile front. The artillery and infantry are also being vigorously employed further west along the front, the entire length of which now seems to be bustling with activity.

German army headquarters announce heavy fighting along both the Struma and Vardar rivers declaring operations in the latter region resulted successfully for the Bulgarians.

In the Rumanian province of Dobrudja the advance of the Bulgarians and Germans who are commanded by Field Marshal von Mackensen, is continuing, Berlin declares.

The Russian campaign in the Carpathians is making further progress, according to Petrograd. Berlin announces the repulse of Russian attacks in this sector.

Austrian counter attacks on positions captured on Sunday by the Italians in the Posina sector of the Trentino have been repulsed and further progress has been made by the Italians, Rome announces.

French Capture Positions.
Paris, Sept. 12.—Via London, 9:03 p. m.—French troops on the Macedonian front, taking the offensive against the Bulgarians, have captured all the positions of their opponents on a front of two miles to a depth of about 800 yards, it was announced officially today.

Evacuate Forts.
Paris, Sept. 12.—5:15 a. m.—The Petit Parisien says it learns from a semi-official source that the Bulgarians have evacuated all of the forts at the Greek seaport of Kavala, which they occupied last month.

The forts are said to have been handed over to the Greeks. They were of no military value to the Bulgarians after the arrival of warships of the entente allies, whose guns now dominate Kavala.

Norwegian Steamer Sunk.
London, Sept. 12, 12:45 p. m.—The Norwegian steamship Lyderhorn, 930 tons gross and owned in Bergen has been sunk. The crew was landed.

TURKS ADVANCE ON PERSIA FRONT

Russian Repulses in Ognott Sector of Turkish Armenia Announced.

Berlin, Sept. 12, by wireless to Sayville.—Russian repulses in the Ognott sector of Turkish Armenia are announced by the Turkish war office in its statement of September 10. Further advances for the Turks on the Persian frontier also are reported. The statement says:

"Turkish forces pushed back the enemy and occupied the heights south of Deobende on the Persian frontier."

"Caucasus front: In the Ognott sector on September 8 the enemy attacked repeatedly but was completely repulsed. The enemy had occupied a portion of Height 2,153 but was pushed back by a counter-attack. The Turks recaptured all their former positions."

"On the night of September 8-9 and the following day the enemy attacked in the Ognott with two divisions. After raining a temporary footing in our positions he was ejected by a counter-attack. Our positions are completely in our hands."

"A repulse of a sortie made by Rumanians and Russians near Dobric, in southern Dobrudja, on Friday last, is reported in the Turkish official statement of September 10, which says: "Near Dobric the enemy on September 8 made a new sortie but was again defeated by the Turks and their allies."

Dobric was occupied by the Bulgarians in their advance into southern Dobrudja, but according to an official Rumanian report of September 8, they were subsequently driven out by the Rumanians and Russians.

BULGARIANS ARE MEETING DEFEAT

As Result of Entente Allies New Offensive on Macedonian Front.

London, Sept. 12.—3:34 p. m.—The new offensive of the entente allies on the Macedonian front has resulted in the defeat of the Bulgarians, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens. The Bulgarians sustained enormous losses in a battle of 36 hours, the dispatch says, and are beating a retreat, pursued by the allies.

The announcement follows: "The detachment mentioned yesterday as crossing the Struma at Neohore seized trenches on the eastern bank."

"A French detachment co-operating with the British captured the village of Yenimah and took 30 prisoners."

"In these operations the enemy suffered heavily from rifle and artillery fire during his retreat and also in his counter-attacks. Many ambulances were seized on the Demir-Hissar roads."

"On the Doiran front, our artillery carried out systematic bombardment of the enemy trenches north of Makukovo."

British Violate U. S. NEUTRALITY

Torpedo Boat Holds Up and Examines Philippine Steamer Cebu Within Territorial Waters.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Violation of American neutrality by a British torpedo boat which held up and examined the Philippine steamer Cebu within the territorial waters of the Philippines was reported to the war department today by Governor-General Harrison. The dispatch immediately was transmitted to the state department and will be made the subject of a vigorous protest to Great Britain.

The incident occurred yesterday, one mile and a half off Carabao island. According to the report of the steamer's master, Lieutenant Balles commanding H. M. S. destroyer No. 2 boarded the Cebu, made inquiries about her progress and took both the ship's manifest and her cargo list. Apparently the officer was searching for a man named Bady, who was not found.

On releasing the Cebu, the lieutenant made this note on her log: "Boarded at 3:50 a. m., 9-11-16, examined and passed."

There has been more than one complaint about the activity of the British vessels around the Philippines and while Governor-General Harrison's report furnishes the basis for a specific protest it is probable that Great Britain will be called upon to restrict the operations of her patrolling squadron generally in and near the territorial waters of the islands. In order that there might be no mistake about where the Cebu was at the time she was held up, her exact position was given by the master as follows:

Latitude 14 degrees 16 minutes, longitude 129 degrees 35 minutes, or one and a half miles from Carabao island.

NEW DIRECTOR FOR DEUTSCHES BANK

Berlin, Sept. 12, via London, 7:20 a. m.—Director Arthur von Gwynner of the Deutsches Bank, will be elected to the board of directors of the Hamburg-American Steamship line at a meeting of the board on September 28.

The Deutsches Bank is already represented on the board of the North German Lloyd line. Von Gwynner's election to the Hamburg-American board is in line with the plan for arrangement of community of interests between the two lines short of before the war.

RUSSIAN GAINS IN CARPATHIANS

Several Heights Near Bukovina Border Taken—Kapul Mountain Captured.

1000 PRISONERS TAKEN

Enemy Attempts to Regain Heights But Is Unsuccessful.

Petrograd, Sept. 12, via London, 4:22 p. m.—New successes for the Russians in the Carpathians are announced by the war office today. Several heights in the Bialy-Cheremosh region near the Bukovina border were taken and held and Kapul mountain, to the south, also was captured together with nearly 1,000 prisoners.

The official statement says: "In the region of the river Bialy-Cheremosh our troops carried several heights. Enemy attempts to regain them were unsuccessful."

"In the wooded Carpathians in the region of Kapul mountain our troops occupied a ridge north of Kapul mountain and, pursuing the enemy, also took possession of this mountain, making prisoner in this operation 12 officers and 900 men and capturing seven machine guns, three trench mortars and one searchlight."

"Carpathian front: Our detachment captured the pyramidal mountain south of the village of Pirdjan and occupied the heights on the left bank of the river Masladarak. Snow fell in the mountains and there was frost."

TO INVESTIGATE BRIDGE COLLAPSE

Opening of Bridge, Scheduled for Spring, Indefinitely Postponed.

Quebec, Sept. 12.—The St. Lawrence Bridge company and the Quebec bridge commission are conducting a joint investigation today into the collapse of the central span of the St. Lawrence cantilever bridge over the St. Lawrence river while it was being hoisted into position. The death list remains at eleven.

Accounts of survivors of the disaster and spectators are at hopeless variance, some holding that the span itself buckled first, and others that the hoisting supports did not work uniformly, thereby throwing too much strain on the supports.

Engineers in charge of the construction work said today that as soon as the cause of the accident is ascertained the work of either constructing a new span or raising the collapsed one would be immediately undertaken. It was estimated the work will cost \$1,000,000.

The opening of the bridge, scheduled for next spring, has been indefinitely postponed. Quebec harbor officials, on finding that the fallen span did not block the ship channel, permitted today the resumption of navigation by ocean going vessels.

PRESIDENT AT SISTER'S BEDSIDE

Mrs. Anna Howe, Critically Ill at New London, Connecticut.

New London, Conn., Sept. 12.—President Wilson today remained near his sister, Mrs. Anna Howe, who is critically ill here. His plans depended largely on the outcome of her sickness. Early this morning it was said that her condition was practically unchanged.

During the forenoon the physicians attending the president's sister, issued the following bulletin: "Mrs. Howe had a comfortable night. Her condition remains about the same."

This news was immediately forwarded to the president on the Mayflower. Soon afterwards the president and Mrs. Wilson came ashore and went to Mrs. Howe's hotel. As they walked up the main street of New London they were recognized by many persons.

MAY INTERN ALL PRISONERS OF WAR

Paris, Sept. 12, 11:35 a. m.—Premier Briand announced today that the French government had decided to accept a proposal to intern in Switzerland all prisoners of war who were

AMERICAN-MEXICAN JOINT COMMISSION, IN CONFERENCE AT NEW LONDON, SEEKS WAY TO SECURE PEACE WITH HONOR



First meeting of commission in New York. Left to right, standing: Mr. Borsal, Secretary of State Lansing, Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate, and Dr. Rowe. Seated: Dr. John R. Mott, Judge George Gray, Secretary Franklin K. Lane, Luis Cabrera, Ignacio Bonillas and Alberto J. Rani. Bottom: Hotel at New London, Conn., where conference is being held.

The men seated in the group are the members of the American and Mexican joint commission which will thresh out the differences between the United States and Mexico at a conference being held at New London, Conn.

parents of three or more children and who have been in captivity for eighteen months or more. The proposal is under consideration of the Swiss government.

Prisoners Well Cared For.

Berlin, Sept. 12, by wireless to Sayville.—Conditions among German prisoners of war interned in Switzerland are satisfactory, according to a report made by Major-General Friedrich who recently made a visit of inspection to the Swiss camps, says the Overseas News Agency today.

The quarters provided are adequate in all respects and remarkably good care is taken of the men by the Swiss authorities, the report declares.

HIRED TO CAUSE UPROAR AT ATHENS

Athens, Monday, Sept. 11.—Via London, Sept. 12, 3:02 p. m.—The regrets of King Constantine for the violation of the French legation by riflemen who fired shots there during the meeting of the entente ministers on Saturday were expressed to the French minister today by Count Mercati, the king's grand master of ceremonies. An Egyptian Greek named Canepoulos has confessed he was hired with forty denizens of the gas house district of Athens to cause the disturbance.

Labor troubles continue. The employees of the street car line at Athens have struck and the postal and telegraph employees are now threatening to quit work on account of the increased cost of living.

SUBMARINE MAY LEAVE FOR U. S.

Another German Merchant Submarine Expected to Depart for America.

Berlin, Sept. 12, via London, 9:45 a. m.—Reports from Bremen say that another merchant submarine is expected to leave that port for the United States at the end of the present month. None of the projected sister ships to the Deutschland and Bremen has, however, been completed yet, according to a statement by Philipp Heineken, one of the directors of the Ocean Navigation company, owners of the Deutschland.

Asked when the Bremen was expected to arrive in America, Director Heineken said:

"Only the gods know," and refused to discuss the matter further.

ENGINEER KILLED ON THE SAN PEDRO

Salt Lake, Sept. 12.—The body of Timothy F. Mahoney, engineer in the employ of the Salt Lake Route between Calliente and Pioche, Nev., who

was shot to death at Calliente Sunday night, will reach Salt Lake at 11:45 this morning.

Mahoney was killed by C. E. Dawson, according to the verdict of the coroner's jury. Dawson's preliminary hearing has been fixed for September 14.

Mahoney was 51 years of age and was born at Sutter Creek, Cal. He moved to Salt Lake eleven years ago and took a position with the Salt Lake Route as an engineer. He had been with the company since that time. He visited his wife in Salt Lake last week, arriving home Tuesday and returning to Calliente Friday.

The funeral will be conducted by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, to which he belonged.

KNIGHTS ELECT THEIR OFFICERS

The annual business meeting of Ogden Council No. 777, Knights of Columbus, was held last night in the lodge hall in the Fraternity block. The most important matter of business concluded was the election of officers for the coming year, the following being honored:

Grand knight, M. J. O'Connor, succeeding W. S. O'Brien; deputy grand knight, C. H. Blaes; chancellor, J. B. Egan; recorder, L. J. Carter; financial secretary, L. J. Healy; treasurer, J. J. O'Connor; advocate, H. F. Cahill; warden, P. K. Smith; inner guard, G. S. Egan; outer guard, P. T. Murphy; trustee, three-year term, C. A. Maguire.

Following the meeting, a smoker was enjoyed.

PRIEST TELLS OF MONEY EXCHANGE

Berlin, Sept. 12, by wireless to Sayville.—A Roman Catholic priest, who is a citizen of the United States, says he witnessed an incident which occurred when the British took the Scandinavian-American line steamship Frederik VIII into Kirkwall early in August," says the Overseas News Agency. "The priest, who was a passenger on the steamship, saw the British take from another passenger, who also is an American citizen, \$10,000 gold, giving him paper money in place of it."

CREW OF STEAMER LANDED AT SAVONA

London, Sept. 12, 12:10 a. m.—A dispatch to Lloyd's from Genoa says that 47 members of the crew of the Norwegian steamer Elizabeth IV had been landed at Savona by the Greek steamer Petritsis.

The Elizabeth IV measured 4182 tons and was last reported at Colombo on August 11. She was on her way to Marseilles from Shanghai.

SPAIN MUST MAKE DECISION

Former Premier Maura Addresses 6,000 Followers on Spain's Neutrality.

Paris, Sept. 12, 11:30 a. m.—Spain must decide in favor of one or other of the groups of belligerents in the opinion of Antonio Maura, former premier and leader of the conservative party, according to news despatches from Madrid quoting an address delivered by Senor Maura.

The address was delivered at Berangar near Bilbao at a meeting attended by 6,000 Maurists. The former premier declared, according to the despatches, that Spain could not obtain her neutrality but that the conditions of the war made her isolation henceforth impossible. He is quoted as saying that it was moreover essential that France and England should not be hostile towards Spain.

The Madrid despatches predict that Senor Maura's speech will cause a strong impression throughout the country as his prestige was never so high as at present. The majority of his followers are supposed to be pro-German in their sympathies.

TO PAY RESPECTS TO PRESIDENT

Members of American-Mexican Joint Commission to Call on Wilson.

New London, Conn., Sept. 12.—The Mexican members of the American-Mexican joint commission that is studying means for restoring order in Mexico, will be given an opportunity today to pay their respects to President Wilson who came here yesterday because of the illness of his sister, Mrs. Anne Howe.

The call on the president was arranged after they had sent a message of sympathy and suggesting an opportunity of paying their respects. In the message the commissioners said that before leaving the United States they hoped to have the opportunity of paying their respects in person to the president. A meeting was to take place on the Mayflower anchored in the river just in front of the hotel where the commission is in session.

Further discussion of the statements made by Commissioner Paul relative to the state of the railroads in Mexico characterized the morning session of the commission, the information in the hands of the American commissioners confirming in a great part that offered by the Mexicans. It was regarded as probable that today's meeting would be brief because of the visit to the Mayflower.

GERMANS ADMIT LOSS OF GINCHY

Enemy Attempts to Attack on Somme Front Frustrated by Curtain of Fire.

EASTERN WAR THEATRE

Russian Attack North of Stara Breaks Down With Heavy Losses.

Berlin, Sept. 12.—Via London, 4:35 p. m.—The German official report today, recounting military operations in France, admits the loss of the town of Ginchy. It says:

"Western theater: Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria.—On both sides of the Somme, enemy attempts to make attacks generally were frustrated by our curtain of fire. In the Fourneux and Leuze woods, the English fruitlessly attempted to gain ground by a hand grenade fight. The village of Ginchy fell into the hands of the enemy early Sunday morning. An artillery battle continues with violence."

Concerning the operations in the eastern theater, the official statement says:

"Eastern theater: Prince Leopold of Bavaria: North of Stara-Czerwiesce a Russian attack with strong forces broke down with heavy losses before our entanglements."

"Archduke Charles: In the Carpathians enemy attacks in the region of the Ledowa railway on Cimbroslawak and on Kapul were repulsed. In a counter attack on Cimbroslawak 170 prisoners were taken."

"Balkan theater: German and Bulgarian forces under the command of Field Marshal von Mackensen continued their advance in Dobrudja (Rumania)."

"Macedonian front: Lively artillery battles took place in the Vardar district. There was also fighting on the Struma, the result being successful for the Bulgarian troops."

FIRST ACCIDENT OF BIG STRIKE

Jitney Busses and Trolley Car Crash Together, Killing Two and Injuring Thirteen.

New York, Sept. 12.—The first serious accident of the street railway strike in this city occurred early today when a trolley car of the Union Railway company in the Bronx, operated by a "green" motorman, got beyond control in a steep grade and jumping the track at a curve, crashed into two jitney busses killing two persons and severely injuring thirteen others. Four of the injured may die. The car crew was arrested pending investigation.

After a night of intermittent rioting motormen on the Sixth and Ninth avenue elevated roads reported to the police that they had been fired upon by strikers from roof tops. Third avenue elevated roads reported to the police that they had been fired upon by strikers from buildings. One passenger, a woman, was struck on the head and seriously injured. Five arrests were made.

The congestion on the subway and elevated roads today was even more pronounced than yesterday due to the fact that there was little or no service on the surface lines of Manhattan and Bronx. Not a car wheel moved in the Westchester cities of Yonkers, Mount Vernon and New Rochelle. Union leaders claim hundreds of subway and elevated employees have joined the union within the last twenty-four hours. Traction officials maintain that all of their employees who signed the "master and servant" contract remained loyal.

Hugh Frayne, state organizer of the American Federation of Labor, insisted today that a general walk out by all labor unions was not being considered. He said the present plans of the leaders contemplated calling out the unions closely allied to the striking railway men.

John T. Riley, chairman of the International Longshoremen's union declared that the members of his union numbering between 8,000 and 10,000 are voting on the advisability of declaring a sympathetic strike.

Violence continued as the day wore on. Strikers and sympathizers halted surface cars and set upon the crews of strikebreakers when the latter refused to desert their posts.

Nearly one hundred strikebreakers, most of them from Chicago and Boston, appealed to Mayor Mitchell and the public service commission claiming that none of the promises made when they were engaged had been kept and that they were virtually prisoners in car barns. They alleged that armed guards prevented them from leaving and that wages due them were not forthcoming.

The mayor promised them police protection in their efforts to collect wages.